We Are One, But We Are Many Unit 6.4 Curriculum Mapping



This curriculum mapping refers to version 8 of the Australia National Curriculum. Unit 6.4 addresses the following aspects of the Humanities And Social Sciences (HASS) curriculum:

Curriculum Strands	Inquiry and Skills	Knowledge and Understanding
History	Develop appropriate questions to guide an inquiry about people, events, developments, places, systems and challenges (ACHASSI122); Locate and collect relevant information and data from primary and secondary sources (ACHASSI123); Organise and represent data in a range of formats including tables, graphs and large- and small-scale maps, using discipline-appropriate conventions (ACHASSI124); Sequence information about people's lives, events, developments and phenomena using a variety of methods including timelines (ACHASSI125); Examine primary and secondary sources to determine their origin and purpose (ACHASSI126) Examine different viewpoints on actions, events, issues and phenomena in the past and present (ACHASSI127); Interpret data and information displayed in a range of formats to identify, describe and compare distributions, patterns and trends, and to infer	Key figures, events and ideas that led to Australia's Federation and Constitution (ACHASSK134); Experiences of Australian democracy and citizenship, including the status and rights of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples, migrants, women and children (ACHASSK135); Stories of groups of people who migrated to Australia since Federation (including from ONE country of the Asia region) and reasons they migrated (ACHASSK136) The contribution of individuals and groups to the development of Australian society since Federation (ACHASSK137)
Geography		The geographical diversity of the Asia region and the location of its major countries in relation to Australia (ACHASSK138); Differences in the economic, demographic and social characteristics of countries across the world (ACHASSK139); Australia's connections with other countries and how these change people and places (ACHASSK141)
Civics and Citizenship	relationships (ACHASSI128); Evaluate evidence to draw conclusions (ACHASSI129); Work in groups to generate responses to issues and challenges (ACHASSI130); Use criteria to make decisions and judgements and consider	The key institutions of Australia's democratic system of government and how it is based on the Westminster system (ACHASSK143) ; The roles and responsibilities of Australia's three levels of government (ACHASSK144) ;

	advantages and disadvantages	The responsibilities of electors
	of preferring one decision over	and representatives in
	others (ACHASSI131);	Australia's democracy
	Reflect on learning to propose	(ACHASSK145);
	personal and/or collective	Where ideas for new laws can
	action in response to an issue	come from and how they
	or challenge, and predict the	become law (ACHASSK146);
	probable effects	The shared values of Australian
	(ACHASSI132);	citizenship and the formal rights
	Present ideas, findings,	and responsibilities of
	viewpoints and conclusions in a	Australian citizens
	range of texts and modes that	(ACHASSK147);
	incorporate source materials,	The obligations citizens may
	digital and non-digital	consider they have beyond
	representations and discipline-	their own national borders as
	specific terms and conventions	active and informed global
	(ACHASSI133)	citizens (ACHASSK148)
Economics and Business		The effect that consumer and
		financial decisions can have on the individual, the broader community and the environment (ACHASSK150)

Science Curriculum

Built into Unit 6.4 is the potential to cover strands in the Science Curriculum. Some core Science strands are embedded within the main sections of Unit 6.4. The following table indicates which Science Curriculum strands are addressed within Unit 6.4.

Science Understanding	Science as a Human Endeavour	Science Inquiry Skills
The growth and survival of living things are affected by physical conditions of their environment (ACSSU094)	Science involves testing predictions by gathering data and using evidence to develop explanations of events and phenomena and reflects historical and cultural contributions (ACSHE098)	With guidance, pose clarifying questions and make predictions about scientific investigations (ACSIS232)
	Scientific knowledge is used to solve problems and inform personal and community decisions (ACSHE100)	Identify, plan and apply the elements of scientific investigations to answer questions and solve problems using equipment and materials safely and identifying potential risks (ACSIS103)
		Decide variables to be changed and measured in fair tests, and observe measure and record data with accuracy using digital technologies as appropriate (ACSIS104)
		Construct and use a range of representations, including

	tables and graphs, to represent and describe observations, patterns or relationships in data using digital technologies as appropriate (ACSIS107)
	Compare data with predictions and use as evidence in developing explanations (ACSIS221)
	Reflect on and suggest improvements to scientific investigations (ACSIS108)
	Communicate ideas, explanations and processes using scientific representations in a variety of ways, including multi- modal texts (ACSIS110)